The necessity of a separate Defence University will be reassessed in the light of the experience of the Indira Gandhi Open University in fulfilling the needs of Defence Personnel.

Shifting of Stone Crushers second Suraj Kund area bordeing Delhi and Haryana

1822. SHRI PRITHIBI MAJHI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that stone crushing operation in Tughlakabad and Suraj Kund area are a positive health hazard for residents in that area due to dust nuisance caused by unauthorised crushers;

(b) if so, by when Government propose to shift crushers to an area away from residential localities falling in the above zone; and

(c) how many crushers are licence holders?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI Z. R. ANSARI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No such proposal has been worked out.

(c) 36 crushers at Tughlakabad Mehrauli Badarpur Road are licence holders.

Setting up of Centre of Excellence in West Bengal

1823. SHRI CHITTA BASU: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government of West Bengal have urged the Central Government on February, 25, 1980 to set up a Centre of Excellence through E.R.D.C. as an R&D Agency for the eastern region; and

(b) if so, what is Central Government's decision in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND IN THE DEPARTMENT OF OCEAN DEVELOPMENT, ATOMIC ENERGY, ELECTRONICS, AND SPACE (SHRI SHIVRAJ PATIL): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir, Government of West Bengal had requested the Central Government in February, 1980, to set up an agency for research in electronics in West Bengal. There was no proposal then to set up any new agency for Research and Development in Electronics, since the Department of Electronics wanted to consolidate its investments in R&D made by it directly and through other agencies in the various parts of the country, to optimise the benefits accruing from such activities. This decision of the Government was conveyed to the Government of West Bengal on 14th March, 1980.

Training Programme for serving IAS Officers

1824. SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL:

SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA:

SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a large programme for the training of all the IAS officers has been started this year;

(b) if so, the details of it and the number of officers to be trained, the training institutes undertaking task, the number of training programmes;

(c) whether there is any proposal to get this training programme in its totality evaluated by a specialised agency;

(d) what has been the total cost of this training programme during 1985-86; and

(e) whether there is any resentment among the officials on account of large-scale and quick training programme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) Yes, sir.

(b) These programmes are of 2 categories *viz.* 4 week training programmes and one week refresher courses. The four week, programmes are intended for officers in 3 seniority groups *viz.* for officers of 6-9 years' service with focus on Programme Implementation, for officers of 10-16 years' service with the thrust on Management Concepts and Decision Making, and for officers of 17-20 years' service in Policy Planning and Analysis. The one week refresher courses are for all IAS Officers. Each IAS officer would undergo a one week refresher course every in one of several identified specialisms and all IAS officers in the three seniority groups menttoned above are proposed to be covered by the 4 week programmes within the next three years.

The total number of officers to be trained (excluding those retiring) is approximately 3930. The names of training institutions undertaking this task in 1985-86 are given in the enclosed statement (*See below*). The total number of training programmes to be conducted for the first cycle (October, 1985 to June, 1986) is 147 comprising 22 four week programmes and 125 one week courses.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) The approximate cost of the training effort during 1985-86 is Rs. 60 lakhs as provided in the Revised Budget Estimates.

(e) There is no evidence of any such resentment. On the contrary, the programmes have been generally well received and the feedback is positive.

Statement

I. *List of State Training Institutions*:

1. Administrative Training Institute, Ranchi.
2. Sardar Patel Institute of Public Administration, Ahmedabad.
3. Administrative Training Institute, Mysore.
4. Institute of Management in Government, Trivandrum.
5. Academy of Administration, Bhopal.
6. Maharashtra Institute of Development Administration, Pune.
7. Gopa Bandhu Academy of Administration, Bhubaneshwar.
8. Punjab State Institute of Public Administration, Chandigarh.
9. Harish Chandra Mathur Rajasthan State Institute of Public Administration, Jaipur.
10. Administrative Training Institute, Calcutta.
11. Administrative Training Institute, Nainital.

II. *List of National/Central Training Institutions*:

12. Institute of Public Enterprises, Hyderabad.
13. All India Management Association. Delhi.
14. Management Development Institute, Gurgaon.
15. Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi.
16. National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad.
17. Indian Institute of Public Administration, Delhi.
18. Natonal Institute of Health and Family Welfare, Delhi
19. Vaikunth Mehta National Institute of Cooperative Management, Pune.
20. National Labour Institute, Delhi.
21. Institute of Applied Manpower Research, Delhi.
22. National Institute of Educational Planning, Delhi.

23. Institute of Economic Growth. Delhi.

24. Tata Management Training Centre. Pune.

25. Administrative Staff College of India, Hyderabad.

26. Lal Bahadur Shastri National Academy of Administration, Mussoorie.

27. Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad.

28. Indian Institute of Management, Calcutta.

29. Indian Institute of Management, Bangalore.

30. National Institute of Public Finance and Policy, Delhi.

Per Capita Income of States

1825. SHRI T. CHANDRASEKHAR REDDY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what is the per capita income of each State at present; and

(b) what will be the increase of per capita income at the end of the Seventh Five Year Plan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI AJIT PANJA): (a) A statement containing the per capita income of each state for the years 1983-84 and 1984-85 is laid on the Table of the House (*See below*).

(b) No statewise targets for per capita income have been fixed in the seventh plan.

Statement

Per Capita Income for 1983-84 and 1984-85
(At Current Prices)

State	Per capita income (Rs.)	
	1983-84	1984-85
1	2	3
Andhra Pradesh	1955	1918
Assam	1762	1821
Bihar	1174	N.A.
Gujarat	2823	2997
Haryana	3059	3296
Himachal Pradesh	2244	2316
Jammu & Kashmir	1979	2075
Karnataka	1957	N.A.
Kerala	1951	2196
Madhya Pradesh	1721	1716
Maharashtra	3032	N.A.
Manipur	1673	2062
Meghalaya	1483	N.A.
Nagaland	N.A.	N.A.